
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

JAMES K. CAMPBELL, §
§
Petitioner, §
§
versus § CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:08-CV-79
§
DIRECTOR, TDCJ-CID, §
§
Respondent. §

**MEMORANDUM ORDER OVERRULING OBJECTIONS AND ADOPTING
THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION**

James K. Campbell, an inmate confined within the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, Correctional Institutions Division, proceeding *pro se*, filed this petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254.

The court referred this matter to the Honorable Earl S. Hines, United States Magistrate Judge, at Beaumont, Texas, for consideration pursuant to applicable laws and orders of this court. The magistrate judge has submitted a Report and Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge concerning the petition. The magistrate judge recommends the petition be denied.

The court has received the Report and Recommendation of United States Magistrate Judge, along with the record, pleadings, and all available evidence. Petitioner filed objections to the Report and Recommendation. The court must therefore conduct a *de novo* review of the objections.

Petitioner challenges a prison disciplinary conviction, asserting several grounds for review. His objections focus on two of his grounds for review: (a) that the disciplinary case was written against him in retaliation for a lawsuit he filed and a grievance he intended to file and (b) that

exculpatory evidence was improperly withheld from him. After considering the objections, the court is of the opinion the magistrate judge correctly concluded these grounds for review are without merit. Petitioner's allegations do not establish that but for a retaliatory motive on the part of the charging officer, the disciplinary case would not have been written against him. *See Johnson v. Rodriguez*, 110 F.3d 299, 310 (5th Cir. 1997). Nor has he established there is a reasonable probability the result of the proceeding would have been different if he had been provided with the exculpatory evidence. *See Summers v. Dretke*, 431 F.3d 861, 878 (5th Cir. 2005). Moreover, the magistrate judge correctly concluded review of the claim regarding exculpatory evidence is procedurally barred, a conclusion petitioner does not contest.

ORDER

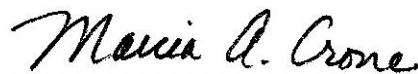
Accordingly, petitioner's objections to the Report and Recommendation are **OVERRULED**. The findings of fact and conclusions of law of the magistrate judge are correct and the report of the magistrate judge is **ADOPTED**. A final judgment will be entered denying the petition.

In addition, the court is of the opinion petitioner is not entitled to a certificate of appealability. An appeal from a judgment denying federal habeas relief may not proceed unless a judge issues a certificate of appealability. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2253. The standard for a certificate of appealability requires the petitioner to make a substantial showing of the denial of a federal constitutional right. *See Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 483-84 (2000); *Elizalde v. Dretke*, 362 F.3d 323, 328 (5th Cir. 2004). To make a substantial showing, the petitioner need not establish that he would prevail on the merits. Rather, he must demonstrate that the issues are subject to debate among jurists of reason, that a court could resolve the issues in a different manner, or that

the questions presented are worthy of encouragement to proceed further. *See Slack*, 529 U.S. at 483-84. Any doubt regarding whether to grant a certificate of appealability should be resolved in favor of the petitioner, and the severity of the penalty may be considered in making this determination. *See Miller v. Johnson*, 200 F.3d 274, 280-81 (5th Cir.), cert. denied, 531 U.S. 849 (2000).

In this case, the petitioner has not shown that the issue of whether his claims are meritorious is subject to debate among jurists of reason. The factual and legal questions raised by petitioner have been consistently resolved adversely to his position and the questions presented are not worthy of encouragement to proceed further. As a result, a certificate of appealability shall not issue in this matter.

SIGNED at Beaumont, Texas, this 23rd day of March, 2010.



MARCIA A. CRONE
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE